

BIDI SFP 1550nm-TX/1310nm-RX 3KM SMF Transceiver P/N: QT-WDM-0203BD



FEATURES

- Dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.063Gbps operation
- 1550nm FP laser and PIN photodetector for 3km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with simplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature: Standard: 0 to +70°C, Industrial: -40 to +85°C

APPLICATIONS

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

	Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Unit
Operating Ca	ase Temperature	Standard	Тс	0		+70	°C
Po	ower Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Po	ower Supply Current	:	lcc			300	mA
Gigabit Ethernet		ernet			1.25		Chao
Data Rate	Fiber Cha	nnel			1.063		Gbps

3. Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter S		Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Unit	Notes
			Transm	itter			
Centre V	Vavelength	λς	1510	1550	1570	nm	
Spectral V	Vidth (RMS)	Δλ			4	nm	
Average O	utput Power	Pout	-12		-6	dBm	1
Extinct	ion Ratio	ER	9			dB	
	se/Fall Time ⊳~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Data Input Sv	ving Differential	V _{IN}	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differential Impedance		Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TA Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiv	ver			
Centre V	Vavelength	λς	1260	1310	1360	nm	
Receiver	Sensitivity				-21	dBm	3
Receiver Overload			-3			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOSD			-23	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	400		1800	mV	4
	OS	High	2.0		Vcc	V	
		Low			0.8	V	

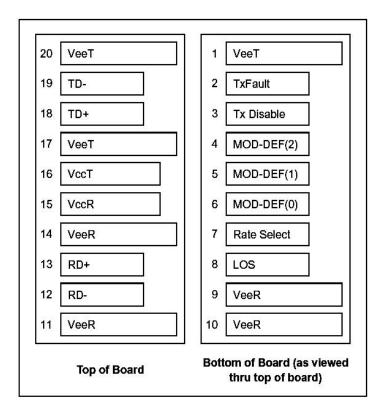
Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2^{7} -1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.

4. Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

5. Pin Definitions



Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
10	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k \sim 10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V):	Transmitter on
(>0.8V, < 2.0V):	Undefined
High (2.0 to 3.465V):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled

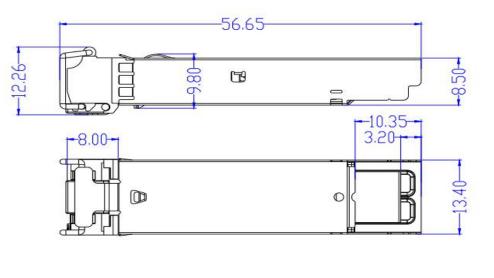
 Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR. Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

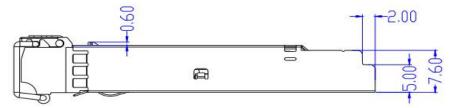
Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.



6. Mechanical Dimensions





7. Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description
QT-WDM-0203BD	BIDI SFP, 1.25 Gb/s,1550nm,SMF,3km,DDM,LC connector, 0°C to +70°C
QT-WDM-0203BID	BIDI SFP, 1.25 Gb/s,1550nm,SMF,3km,DDM,LC connector, -40°C to +85°C